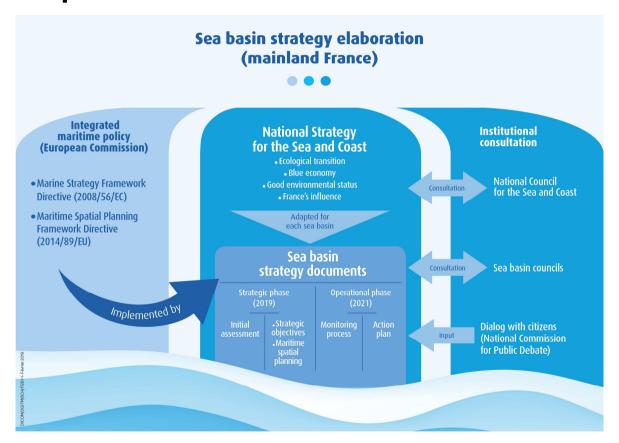


# MARITIME SPATIAL PLANNING A MEDITERRANEAN SEA BASIN STRATEGY



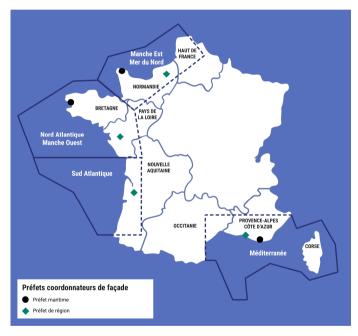
## The process in a nutshell



Directorate general for maritime affairs, fisheries and aquaculture / Direction Interrégionale de la Mer Méditerranée



# A process at Sea Basin scale, under the responsability of coordinating prefects (French state representatives)

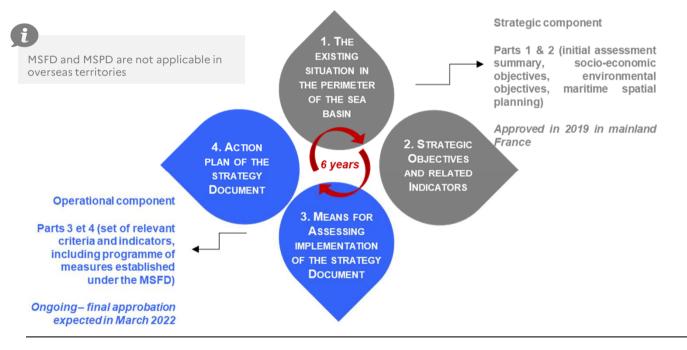


Localisation des façades Source: Ministère de la Mer



# A process at Sea Basin scale, under the responsability of coordinating prefects (French state representatives)

A legally binding document in 4 « parts »



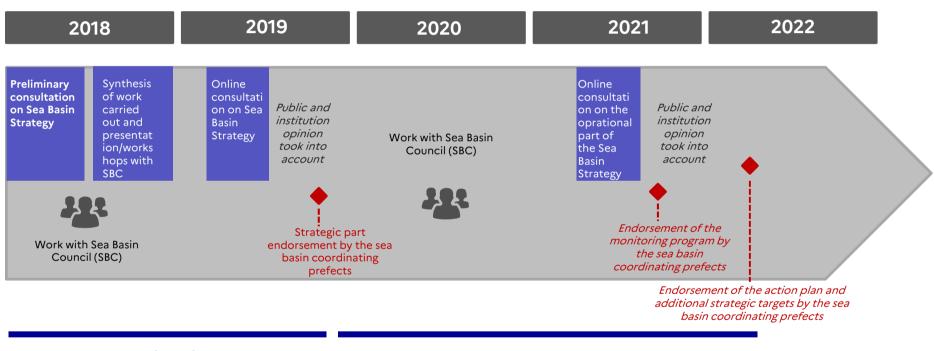
The legal basis forthe sea basin strategydocument, described in Article L. 219-4 of the French Environmental Code. is as follows:

- at sea, plans, programs, schemes and projects for works, structures and developments for which impact studies are required shall be compatible (or be rendered compatible) with the objectives and provisions of the sea basin strategy document. Compatibility implies not departing from the basic orientations, in this case the strategic objectives and designated uses map, while allowing some flexibility in terms of specifying their application.
- on land but with an influence at sea, they shall take the objectives and provisions of the sea basin strategy document into consideration; specifically, they are subject to the compatibility requirement, with concessions possible where justified.

Directorate general for maritime affairs, fisheries and aquaculture / Direction Interrégionale de la Mer Méditerranée



## **Timeline**



Strategic phase

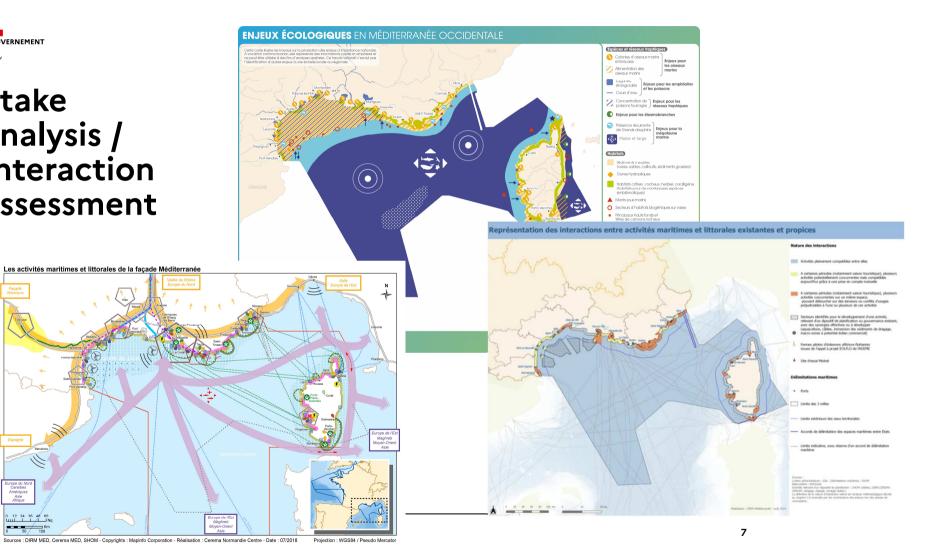
Operational phase



# Strategic phase



## **Stake** analysis / Interaction assessment





## **Strategic Objectives**

### Socio-Economic

Objectives relating to maritime and coastal economic activities

- K. Develop marine renewable energy in the Mediterranean
- L. Contribute to a sustainable, competitive maritime transportation system based on complementary ports
- M. Support a sustainable, innovative, resource-efficient fishing industry
- N. Support sustainable, innovative, resource-efficient and competitive aquaculture
- O. Organise competitive, complementary networks of operators specialising in public works, submarine activities and eco-engineering
- P. Guide and support the nautical and naval industries
- Q. Support the development of environmentally-friendly recreational activities, water sports, underwater activities and recreational boating activities that co-exist harmoniously with other activities
- R. Foster an environmentally-friendly tourist economy that co-exists harmoniously with other activities

### **Environmental (MSFD)**

Objectives relating to conservation of marine habitats and marine species

- A. Maintain or restore biodiversity and ecosystem functionality on the coastal sea floor
- B. Maintain deep-sea habitats in submarine canyons in good condition
- C. Preserve fish stocks on the Gulf of Lion shelf and coastal areas
- D. Maintain or restore healthy populations of marine mammals and turtles
- E. Ensure that the marine environment adequately accommodates the needs of birds, in terms of food, rest. reproduction and movement

#### Pressure reduction objectives

- F. Reduce the quantities of bacteriological, chemical and atmospheric contaminants introduced into the sea from catchment basins
- G. Reduce the quantities of waste entering or present in the sea
- H. Reduce emissions of hydrocarbons and other pollutants at sea
- I. Reduce the risk of introduction and subsequent development of invasive new, non-indigenous species
- J. Reduce submarine noise emissions

#### Cross-sectoral objectives

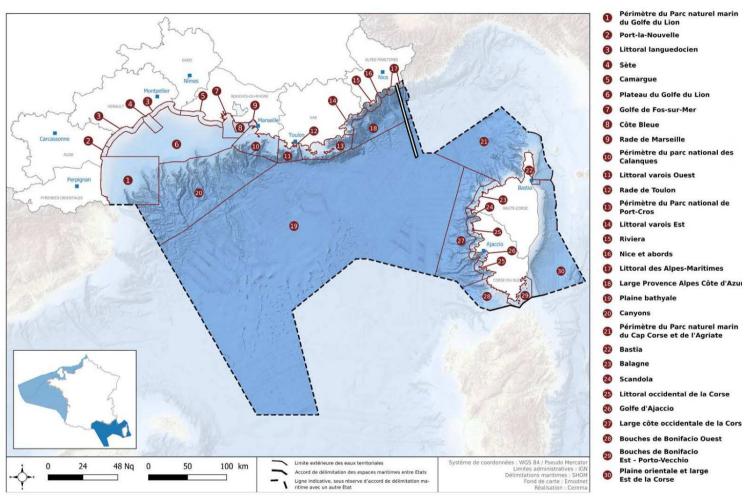
- S. Protect, preserve and enhance landscapes and Mediterranean coastal, maritime, underwater and historic
- T. Reconcile the principle of unrestricted access with the land needs of maritime and coastal activities
- U. Develop the appeal, level of qualification and variety of employment in the maritime and coastal economy
- V. Support maritime economy stakeholders and all sea users regarding the ecological and energy transition and digital transformation
- W. Anticipate and manage coastal risks



### Carte des vocations de la façade maritime Méditerranée

# Vocation Map





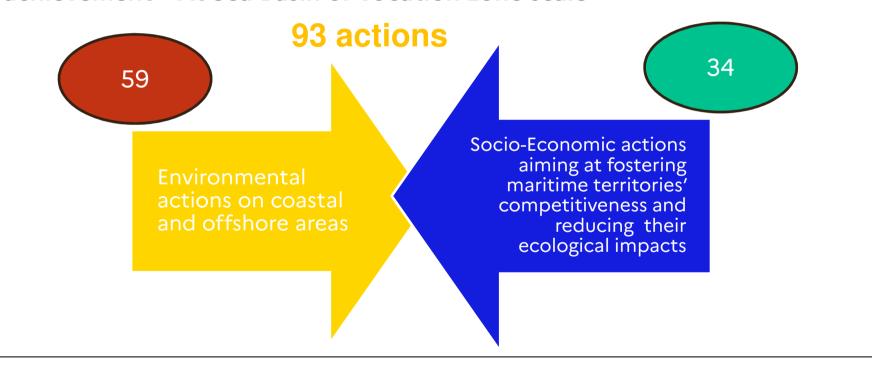


# **Operational phase**



## **Action Plan**

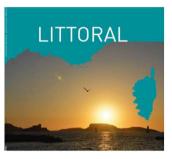
Concreate and operational actions to progress toward strategic objectives achievement – At Sea Basin or vocation zone scale

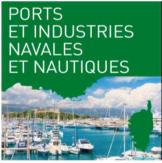




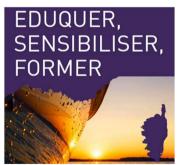
# Focus on the Mediterranean action plan

## 6 chapters, 6 universes















## Mediterranean Sea Basin action plan





### **Representative actions**

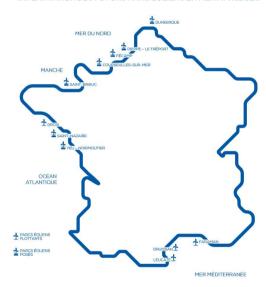
- ☐ Implementing the Mediterranean strategy for the management of ships' moorings
- Develop and implement a sustainable cruise management strategy in the Mediterranean





## Mediterranean Sea Basin action plan

IMPLANTATION DES FUTURS PARS ÉOLIENS EN MER ATTRIBUÉS



### **Representative actions**

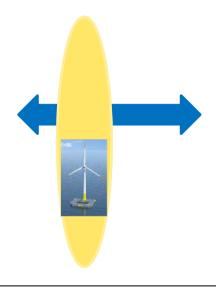
- ☐ Capitalising and realeasing knowledge about offshore windfarms and their environmental impacts
- □ Deploy a competitive, sustainable and structured "commercial floating wind" sector





# Focus: MSP v/ multi-years Energy planning

#### Horizontal process v/ vertical



#### **Confrontation of priorities**

- Marine renewable energies : a high level ambition...
- ... challenging other mobile activities
- ... addressing environment issues (biodiversity, birds etc)

#### The need of unified processes

- Time synchronization
- Unified public consultation / debate